

Combi-Cross - management and possibilities

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CENTER FOR QUANTITATIVE
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Aarhus University

Støttet af
Fødevarerministeriet og EU



Landdistrikter.dk



Ministeriet for Fødevarer,
Landbrug og Fiskeri

Den Europæiske
Landbrugsfond for Udvikling
af Landdistrikterne



Danmark og EU investerer i landdistrikterne.

Det Europæiske Fællesskab ved Den Europæiske Fond for Udvikling af Landdistrikter og Ministeriet for Fødevarer, Landbrug og Fiskeri har deltaget i finansieringen af projektet.

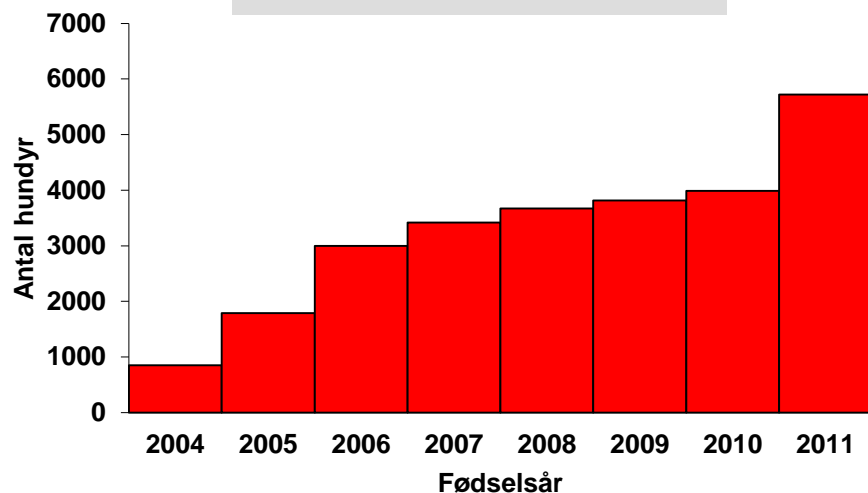


Cross breeding in Danish dairy production

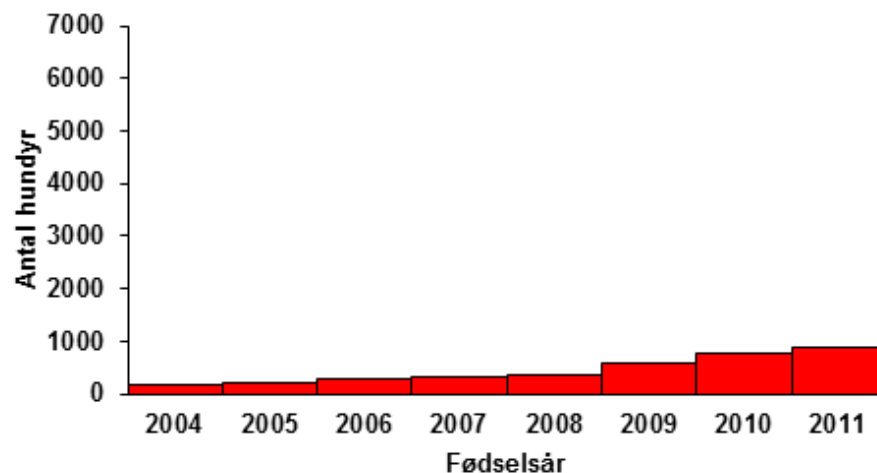
Increased interest over the last years

Examples

Red sire* Black cow



Jersey sire* Black cow



Survey among owners of crossbred herds in 2010

They wanted:

- Improved management tools**
- More knowledge about crossbreeding**
- Accept among colleagues**



Work at VFL, VikingDenmark and AU in 2010-2011

Work to support and optimize use of crossbreeding:

- Development of the new crossbreeding system **Combi-Cross**
- Demonstration of **Combi-Cross** in five herds
- New management tools developed and tested
- Webpage about crossbreeding www.VFL.dk



Work at VFL, VikingDenmark and AU in 2012-15

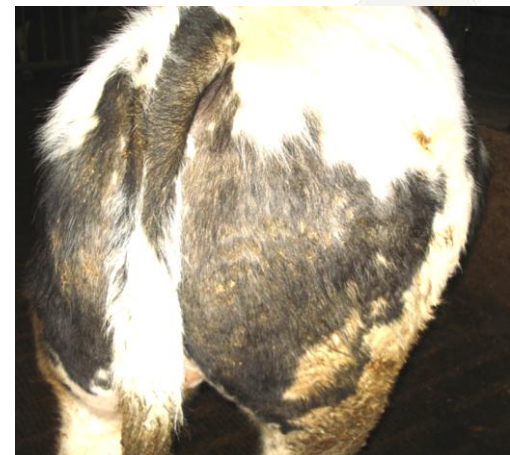
More work to support the use of crossbreeding in the project:

”Estimation of the value of crossbreeding and implementation of Combi-Cross”



The idea behind Combi-Cross

- The advantages of pure breeding and cross breeding are combined
- The level of the purebred nucleus is increased due to use of Sexed Semen
- The functional "F1-animals" express their full heterosis
- The three-cross cows give birth to beef crosses



Combi-Cross

Level 1
Pure
breeding



Level 2
Two-cross



Level 3
Three-cross



Level 4
Beef cross

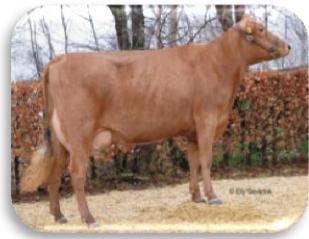


The distribution of cows within the three "breed" groups are dependent on:

- **Conception rate among heifers and cows**
- **Replacement rate**
- **The frequency of live born heifer calves reaching first calving**
- **Strategy for use of Sexed Semen**



Distribution of breed groups using Combi-Cross in a herd with 200 cows



70 pure bred cows



50 two bred cows



80 three bred cows



80 beef cross per year



One of our demonstration herds

2005: A stable for 265 cows was build and un-systematic crossbreeding started

2010: Heifers moved to a neighbor farm (heifer hostel) and environmental certification for 295 cows and 100 heifers “at home” was obtained

2010: Starting up with Combi-Cross



The herd

- **Milking three times per day**
- **265 cows and 250 heifers**
- **Both a pure “red” a pure “black” nucleus at a high genetic level**
- **Heavy use of Sexed Semen ensure easy calving and heifers for expansion**



Management of Combi-Cross

We started with handheld management (dogma), which was very time consuming



In the project we have developed new tools

- **With the aim of minimizing the nucleus**
- **For reducing the work load related to advising at herd level**



Management of Combi-Cross

RDC	HF	RDC/ HF /RDC	RDC/ HF /HF	HF /RDC /HF	HF /RDC /RDC	RDC/ RDC/ HF	JER/ HF /RDC	JER/ RDC/ HF	HF /HF /RDC	HF /JER /RDC
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Antal forv. kviekalve fra aktuelle drægtigheder

15	5	6	4	20	5	1	1	2	1	2
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Kviekalve 0-3 mdr.

03431	03449	03443		03430	03439		03435	03436		03433	
03432	03500	03444		03440	03503		03441			03442	
03434	03508	03506		03445			03460			03501	
03437	03509			03447			03504				
03446	03510			03448							
03505				03502							
03511				03507							
03512											
ANTAL DYR	8	5	3	0	7	2	0	4	1	0	3

Kviekalve 4-15 mdr.

03308	03318	03343	03336	03316	03412	03333	03331	03401	03309	03428	
03322	03349	03425	03345	03319	03419	03347	03402	03404	03312		
03327	03358			03410	03427	03386		03420			
03357	03375			03411		03405					
03406	03408			03413		03417					
03407	03418			03415		03422					
03409	03421			03416		03423					
03414	03424										
ANTAL DYR	8	8	2	2	7	3	7	2	3	2	1

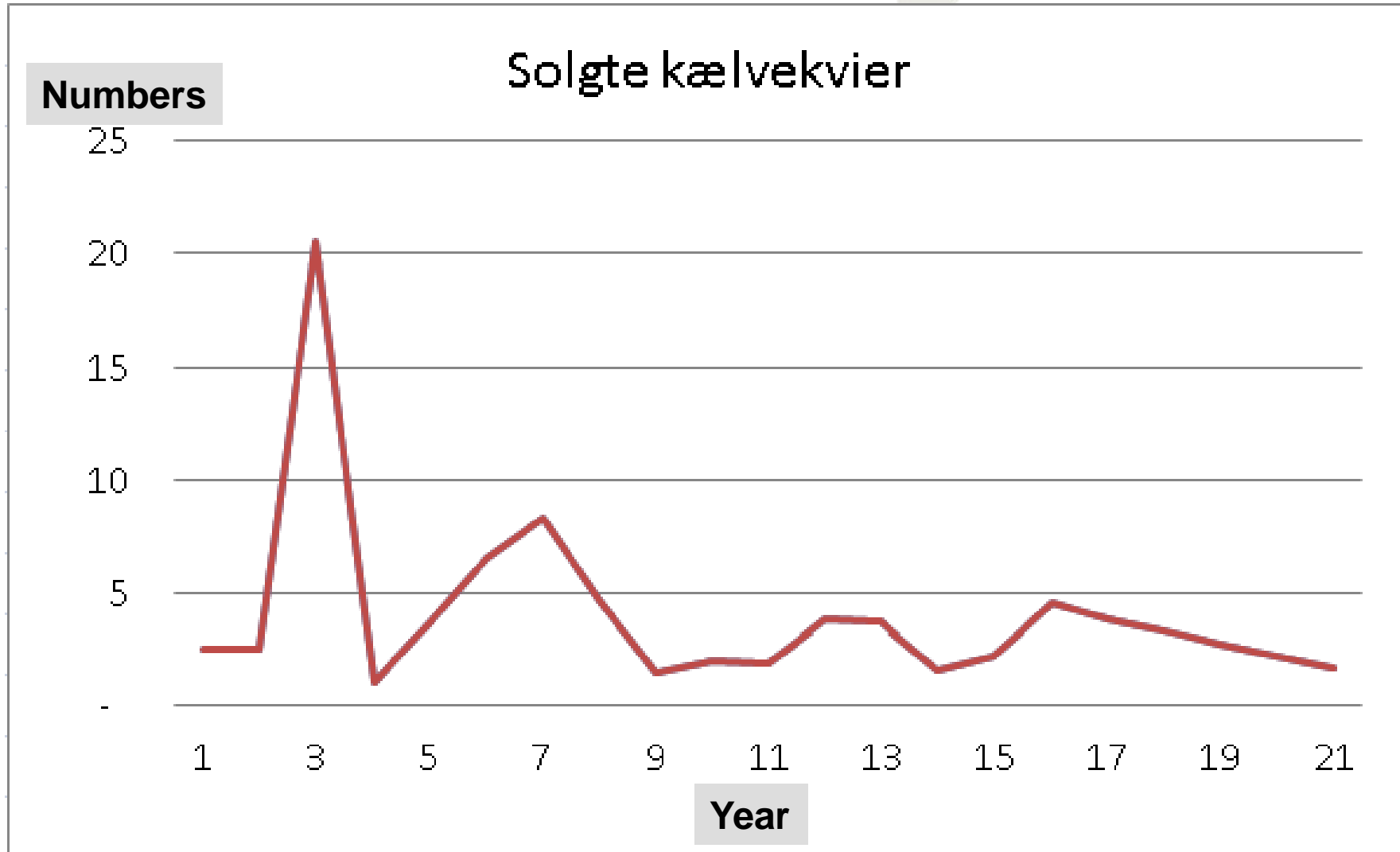
Management of Combi-Cross

Antal årskøer	230
Start, inseminering	40
Dr% køer	50%
Ins% køer	40%
Udskiftnings tidspunkt	207
Udskiftning per år	35%
Kalv/ko	1,137
Kønsrate-NS	48%
Kønsrate-KSS	90%
Dr% kvier	60%
Ins% kvier	67%
Dr% kss	85%
Overlevelse (fødsel-kælvning)	90%

Start situation	Race 1	To-kryds	Tre-kryds	I alt
Kviekalve	33	54	25	112
Løbekvier	40	42	12	94
Kælvninger 1. kalvs	36	43	3	82
Kælvninger ældre køer	80	120	5	205

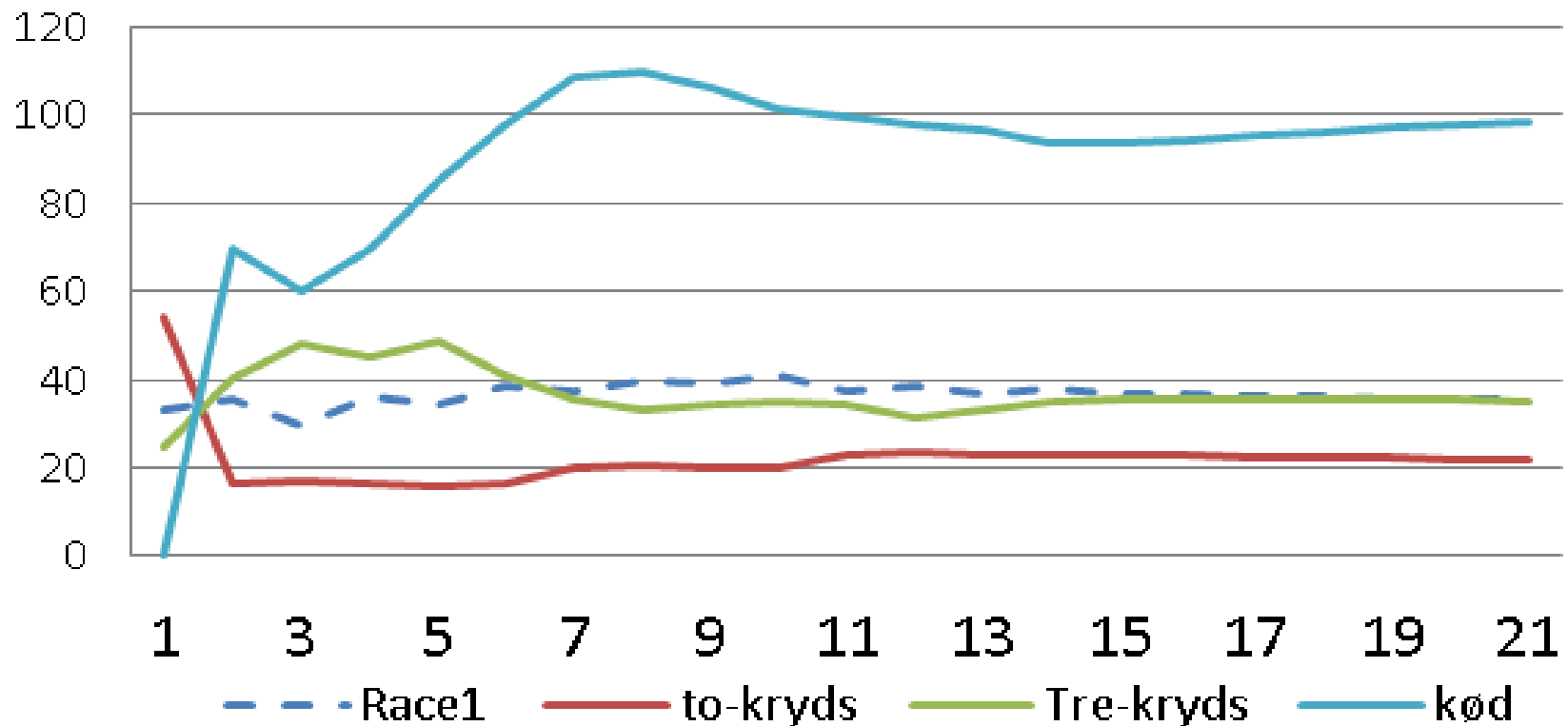


Management of Combi-Cross

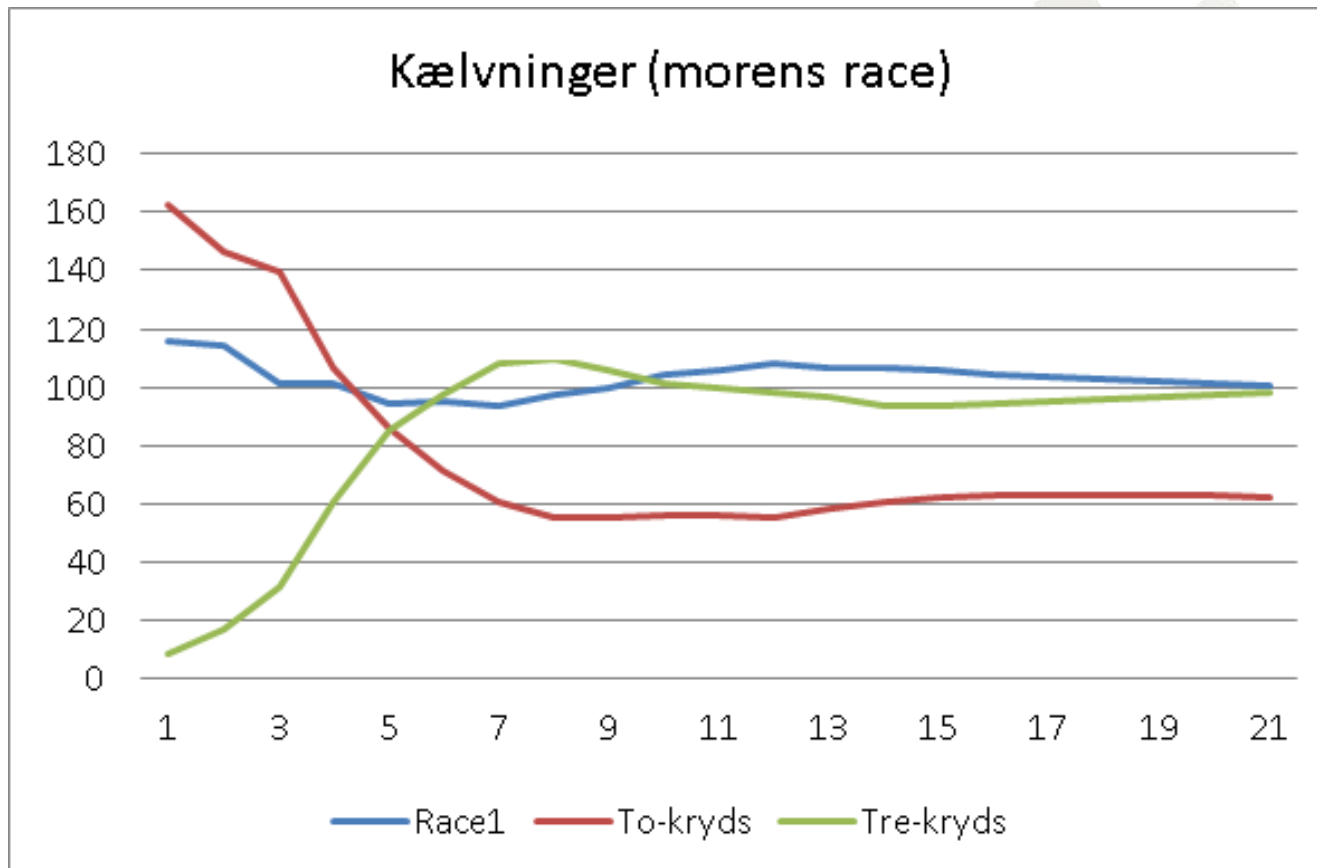


Management of Combi-Cross

Numbers of born heifers calves (pure, two-cross and three-cross) and numbers of born beef cross (male and heifers)



Distribution of cows in the future



Danish crossbreeding results

Demands for animals included in the analyses:

- **At least 6 producing crosses and at least 6 producing Holstein cows per birth year within herd**
- **Crosses are defined as animals with "red" sire and "black" dam**
- **Animals born in 2004 and later**



About the results

- Results are given as within herd differences between crosses and Holstein
- The level of crosses is:

$\frac{1}{2} X$



+

$\frac{1}{2} X$



+ heterosis



Data



X



3701 cows
(1728)



X



8759 cows
(3816)



305 d yield

(SRB crosses)

Milk, kg

Fat, kg

Protein, kg

1st lactation

- 179 (-142)

+ 5 (+9)

- 1 (+2)

2nd lactation

- 390 (-336)

+ 1 (+2)

-5 (- 2)



1st lactation 305 d yield

Final results from US

	Pure Holstein	Montbeliarde- Holstein	Skand. Red- Holstein
# cows	380	491	314
Milk, kg	9972	-408	-376
Fat, kg	357	-15	-9
Protein, kg	309	-6	-3

Modified after Heins & Hansen, 2012
No correction for days empty



Calving ease

(SRB crosses)

Stillbirth percentage*

Heifer calvings

- 1.4 (- 2.3)

* Given as percentage point



Longevity

(SRB crosses)

Survival to 2nd calving %*

+ 2.6 (+ 2.9)

Survival to 3rd calving, %*

+ 6.2 (+ 10.5)

* Given as percentage point



Survival percentages

Final results from US

	Pure Holstein	Montbeliarde- Holstein	Skand. Rødt- Holstein
Up to 2nd lactation	75	+14	+10
Up to 3rd lactation	51	+24	+20

Modified after Heins & Hansen, 2012



Fertility

(SRB crosses)

	Days from first to last ins.	Number of inseminations
1 st lactation cows	- 7 (- 8)	- 0.10 (- 0.12)
2 nd lactation cows	- 7 (- 9)	- 0.09 (- 0.12)



Mastitis treatments

(SRB crosses)

1st lactation, %* - 1.4 (- 1.1)

2nd lactation, %* - 4.1 (- 4.2)

* Given as percentage point



Recommended breeds

- **Breed group I:**
 - Holstein
- **Breed group II:**
 - Viking Red
 - SRB (Swedish Red)
 - FAY (Finish Ayrshire)
 - RDM (Danish Red)
 - NRF (Norwegian Red)
- **Race group III:**
 - Jersey
 - Montbéliarde
 - "Braunvieh"
 - "Fleckvieh"

